Criminal Vehicular Operation

MAC webinar

Presenter: Kelly Nicholson

Session Goals

- Recognize special issues that VSP should be aware of when working CVO cases.
- Know how and why to utilize community resources.

Criminal Vehicular Operation (CVO) Homicide

- §609.2112
- A person is guilty of criminal Vehicular Homicide
 A person is guilty of criminal vehicular homicide and
 may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 10
 yrs and/or a fine of \$20,000, if the person causes the
 death of a human being not constituting murder or
 manslaughter as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

CVO Statute cont.	
■ (1) in a grossly negligent manner;	
 (2) in a negligent manner while <u>under the influence</u> of: 	
– (i) alcohol;	
(ii) a controlled substance; or (iii) any combination of those elements;	
(7) where the driver who causes the collision <u>leaves</u> the scene of the collision in violation of section	
169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or	
CVO Statutes cont.	
■ (8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a	
peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that	
remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to	
others, and the injury or death was caused by the defective maintenance.	
(b) If a person has been sentenced for a qualifying	
prior driving offense within 10 years, the statutory maximum sentence of imprisonment is 15 years.	
Gross Negligence	
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Failure to use even the slightest amount of care in a way that shows recklessness or	
willful disregard for the safety of others	

CVO operation, bodily harm §609.2113 Subdivision 1. Great Bodily Harm Max. 5 yrs/\$10,000 fine Bodily injury which creates a high probability of death, or which causes serious permanent disfigurement, or which causes a permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ or other serious bodily harm. Subdivision 2. Substantial Bodily Harm Max. 3 yrs/\$10,000 fine Bodily injury which involves a temporary but substantial disfigurement, or which causes a temporary but substantial loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or which causes a fracture of any bodily member Subdivision 3. Bodily Harm (gross misd) Max. 1 yr/\$3,000 fine Means physical pain or injury, illness, or any impairment of physical **Reckless Driving** ■ §169.13 - Subd.1 - Reckless Driving (a) a person who drives a motor vehicle or light rail transit vehicle while aware of and consciously disregarding a substantial and unjustifiable risk that the driving may result in harm to another or another's property. The risk must be of such a nature and degree that disregard of it constitutes a significant deviation from the standard of conduct that a reasonable person would observe in that situation. (b) a person shall not race any vehicle upon any street or highway of this state. Any person who willfully compares or contests relative speeds by operating one or more vehicles is guilty of racing, which constitutes reckless driving... Reckless Driving cont. (c) A person who violates paragraph (a) or (b) is guilty of a misdemeanor. A person who violates those and causes great bodily harm or death to another is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Careless Driving

- Subd. 2 - Careless Driving

(a) Any person who operates or halts any vehicle upon any street or highway carelessly or heedlessly in disregard of the rights of others, or in a manner that endangers or is likely to endanger any property or any person, including the driver or passengers of the vehicle, is guilty of a misdemeanor

(b) Any person who operates or halts a light rail transit vehicle...misdemeanor

§169.475 Use of Wireless communications device

- Signed April 12, 2019
- Effective August 1, 2019, and applies to acts committed on or after that date.
- Definitions of:
 - Wireless communications device
 - Electronic message
 - Voice activated hands-free mode
 - Motor vehicle
- Exceptions

Hands-free

- Prohibitions: when a motor vehicle is in motion or part of traffic, the person operating the motor vehicle upon a street or highway is prohibited from using a wireless communication device to:
- (1) initiate, compose, send, retrieve, or read an electronic message
- (2) Engage in a cellular phone call, including initiating a call, talking or listening, and participating in a video call, and

Hands-free prohibitions cont. (3) Access the following types of content stored on the device: video content, audio content, images, games, or software applications 1st offense \$50 + court fees 2nd offense \$275 fine (this is without injuries)	
Why CVO cases are different than other death/injury cases & Dynamics a VSP should be familiar with	
Defendant-related Most eligible citizens drive. Car accidents happen. Defendant's actions or lack of Juror and victim attitude towards defendant Distracted driving	

State Resources	
■ Minnesotans For Safe Driving	
8700 West 36th Street, Suite 1E	
St. Louis Park, MN 55426	
952-238-0970 Email: info@mnsafedriving.com	
Linaii. Inio(grinisaledhyliig.com	
Advocacy and support services	-
Legislative work Assist with writing VIS	
Sentencing conditions: public speaking	
Court escorts	
Resources	
Towards Zero Deaths (TZD)	
■ <u>www.minnesotatzd.org</u>	
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Kelly Nicholson	
Dakota County Attorney's Office	-
Victim Witness Program	
1560 Highway 55, Hastings	
651-438-4471	
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Kelly.nicholson@co.dakota.mn.us	